		Nature of injury or illness ³															
Characteristic	Local government	Sprains, strains		Cuts, lacerations, punctures								Multiple traumatic injuries					
			Fractures	Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures	Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Total	with fractures	with sprains	Soreness Pain	All other natures
Total	208.9	85.8	13.2	8.9	7.4	1.5	16.9	.7		.2	.8	.3	4.6	.3	1.8	30.5	47.0
Gender:																	
Male	277.0	122.5	18.6	13.6	11.4	2.2	10.7			.5			6.7		2.7		53.5
Female	157.1	58.0	9.0	5.3	4.3	1.0	21.2	.9			1.1	.4	2.9		1.2	15.6	42.6
Age:																	
14 - 15																	
16 - 19	263.2	144.5												.			108.9
20 - 24	176.4	77.8	8.7	15.3		11.2	10.6									29.3	28.9
25 - 34	179.5	59.2	13.4	12.8	8.1	4.7	17.0				1.9		4.6			25.4	44.2
35 - 44	171.0	80.9	13.9	2.2	1.5		10.9						2.6			12.5	47.4
45 - 54	260.0	122.8	8.3	8.9	8.7		16.9	1.5					10.6		6.0	27.9	62.1
55 - 64	243.7	88.6	14.4	11.8	11.4		31.2				2.1		3.6		1.7	33.6	56.5
65 and over	170.7	40.8	37.2				46.4						7.2			7.0	28.9
Major occupational group:																	
Management occupations																	
Business and financial operations occupations																	
Computer and mathematical occupations																	
Architecture and engineering occupations																	
Life, physical, and social science occupations																	
Community and social service occupations																	
Legal occupations																	
Education, training, and library occupations																	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations																	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations																	
Healthcare support occupations																	
Protective service occupations																	
Food preparation and serving related occupations																	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations																	
Personal care and service occupations																	
Sales and related occupations																	
Office and administrative support occupations																	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations																	
Construction and extraction occupations																	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations																	
Production occupations																	
Transportation and material moving occupations										I			I	1	I		

 1 Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 09, 2017

^{20,000,000 =} base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.